

# Pulaski Citizen.

L. W. McCORD, Editor and Publisher.

Print in the right the Printing Press should be, The tyrant's foe, the champion of the free; Faithful and constant to its sacred trust—Calm in its utterance, in its judgments just; Wise in its teaching; incorrupt and strong To speed the right and to denounce the wrong.

PULASKI, TENN.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 15th, 1866.

The Canadian "shindig" has come to an end, and the results may be summed up in a few words. A few lives have been captured; and a very great quantity of whisky has been destroyed. The poor diabolical of the rank-and-file are slipping to their homes by Government transportation, whilst the leaders are "under arrest." If the Fenian organization has any future existence at all, the Stephens-Lyon stock will rise in value, and the part of valor will prevail over its weaker companion, to whose present discomfitures may be easily added.

The "liberation of Ireland" by means of an invasion of Canada" was indeed, as Stephens described it, "a dismal failure." It was more—it was a "bull" of the most characteristic description, and can only remind us of Johnny Grot's receipt for catching bears, "to circumvent them from the rear." Had there been the remotest chance of success by means of a secret understanding with the Canadians, and a simultaneous advance from the border and uprising over the country, the chance was lost by the bungling manner of the initiatory steps. No extraordinary sagacity was needed to predict the speedy failure of the whole affair, and from the Ridgeway skirmish to the surrender of Gen. Spears, was the best of the Fenian leaders, there was no difference of opinion anywhere. That the movement was daring is quite certain; but that it was wise, who will say?—Banner

These are the provisions of the new Bankrupt Law which has passed the House of Representatives, and is now pending in the Senate: That any person owing debts over \$300, filing a petition of inability to pay, and willingness to surrender his estate, shall be adjudged a bankrupt, and a warrant issued for the sheriff to possess till an assignee is appointed. The duties of assignees are defined. It provides for examination before court of the distribution of the estate, creditors to share *pro rata* without exception except wages to clerks and under \$50 a month. The order of claims is, 1st, the cost of the courts; 2d, the State and State assessments; 3d, debts having priority by law; 4th, debts having priority by contract; 5th, debts having priority by law; 6th, debts having priority by contract; 7th, debts having priority by law; 8th, debts having priority by contract; 9th, debts having priority by law; 10th, debts having priority by contract; 11th, debts having priority by law; 12th, debts having priority by contract; 13th, debts having priority by law; 14th, debts having priority by contract; 15th, debts having priority by law; 16th, debts having priority by contract; 17th, debts having priority by law; 18th, debts having priority by contract; 19th, debts having priority by law; 20th, debts having priority by contract; 21st, debts having priority by law; 22nd, debts having priority by contract; 23rd, debts having priority by law; 24th, debts having priority by contract; 25th, debts having priority by law; 26th, debts having priority by contract; 27th, debts having priority by law; 28th, debts having priority by contract; 29th, debts having priority by law; 30th, debts having priority by contract; 31st, debts having priority by law; 32nd, debts having priority by contract; 33rd, debts having priority by law; 34th, debts having priority by contract; 35th, debts having priority by law; 36th, debts having priority by contract; 37th, debts having priority by law; 38th, debts having priority by contract; 39th, debts having priority by law; 40th, debts having priority by contract; 41st, debts having priority by law; 42nd, debts having priority by contract; 43rd, debts having priority by law; 44th, debts having priority by contract; 45th, debts having priority by law; 46th, debts having priority by contract; 47th, debts having priority by law; 48th, debts having priority by contract; 49th, debts having priority by law; 50th, debts having priority by contract; 51st, debts having priority by law; 52nd, debts having priority by contract; 53rd, debts having priority by law; 54th, debts having priority by contract; 55th, debts having priority by law; 56th, debts having priority by contract; 57th, debts having priority by law; 58th, debts having priority by contract; 59th, debts having priority by law; 60th, debts having priority by contract; 61st, debts having priority by law; 62nd, debts having priority by contract; 63rd, debts having priority by law; 64th, debts having priority by contract; 65th, debts having priority by law; 66th, debts having priority by contract; 67th, debts having priority by law; 68th, debts having priority by contract; 69th, debts having priority by law; 70th, debts having priority by contract; 71st, debts having priority by law; 72nd, debts having priority by contract; 73rd, debts having priority by law; 74th, debts having priority by contract; 75th, debts having priority by law; 76th, debts having priority by contract; 77th, debts having priority by law; 78th, debts having priority by contract; 79th, debts having priority by law; 80th, debts having priority by contract; 81st, debts having priority by law; 82nd, debts having priority by contract; 83rd, debts having priority by law; 84th, debts having priority by contract; 85th, debts having priority by law; 86th, debts having priority by contract; 87th, debts having priority by law; 88th, debts having priority by contract; 89th, debts having priority by law; 90th, debts having priority by contract; 91st, debts having priority by law; 92nd, debts having priority by contract; 93rd, debts having priority by law; 94th, debts having priority by contract; 95th, debts having priority by law; 96th, debts having priority by contract; 97th, debts having priority by law; 98th, debts having priority by contract; 99th, debts having priority by law; 100th, debts having priority by contract.

Just received from a gentleman who represents one of the largest houses in America, and whose connections are extensive and reliable, a letter in which the following passage occurs: "I have advice to the 22d of June, from Frankfort-on-the-Main. The last batch of United States bonds (not less than seventy millions) will be certain to be returned. The tendency in Germany is downward as to American stocks. Gold is now selling in Boston, in spite of the telegraphic dispatches, above the market quotations. I predict that in less than a month it will go beyond the highest figure of the present year."—Nash. Banner, 10th.

The testimony of Secretary Fletcher to the integrity of the "rebel State administration," and the entire correctness and good faith in this issuance of bonds, is very significant after the multiplied accusation of fraud and plunder falsely made against them. He says, in a letter that the State is justly bound for all bonds issued by former authorities, except those bearing upon their face the evidence that they were issued in aid of what is popularly termed the rebellion. This is vindication enough.—Union and American.

It is not generally known, says a Washington correspondent, that Senator Sumner is and has been for six or eight weeks suffering seriously from a recurrence of the cerebral and nervous troubles caused by the bludgeoning of Brooks ten years ago. He is unable to perform continuous and severe mental labor. Powerful anodynes alone bring him sleep. His physicians say that he has overtaxed his brain and needs rest.

The Nashville Union and American says while a working party was engaged, a few days ago, in disintering the Federal dead who fell in the battle of Resaca, near Atlanta, they discovered a body which attracted attention from the smallness of the man. On examination, it was found to be that of a woman who had been killed by a bullet through the head. The grave was marked "Charles Johnson, private, Sixth Volunteers."

A motive fire occurred in Atlanta yesterday morning last, originating in a brick building on Peachtree street. Damage \$50,000.

## Brevities and News Items.

It is generally conceded by the Northern press that the Fenian War is at an end.

This grand jury at Richmond has indicted Gen. John C. Brinkridge for treason and other high crimes.

War is a certain young lady in town like a sum in arithmetic? Because she makes the boys sigh for her.

RESUMED.—The Bank of Mobile and the Southern Bank of Alabama in Mobile, have commenced the redemption of their notes in Greenbacks.

A son of Ex-Governor Harris of this State has recently returned from Mexico, who reports General Sterling Price's health as much impaired.

It is thought the Senate will adjourn without passing the Bankrupt Bill, though the Judiciary Committee is prepared to report favorably on it.

The Memphis Argus is hard on General Fisk and the free niggers' sideboard in that city. It thinks both are a nuisance to the city.

JEFF. DAVIS' PAROLE.—It is said that a majority of the Cabinet are in favor of Jeff. Davis being paroled, and it was so far arranged that the amount required for his bond was \$250,000.

The Loyal Georgian, published at Augusta, a paper published in the interest of the colored race, and controlled by a man of color, has been suppressed by Gen. Tillson.

Now that a European Congress is on the cards, the probabilities are in favor of the preservation of peace. The news from Europe during the present month will determine whether there is to be peace or war.

When the negroes were worsted in the Memphis riots, a Congressional Committee had to be sent down to investigate. When white people were slaughtered in Norfolk by negroes unprovoked, Congress had no tears to shed.

"THE LAND WE LOVE," is the title of a new monthly magazine, devoted to literature and the fine arts, edited by Gen. D. H. Hill, late of the Southern army, Charlotte, N. C. The first number, now out, is spoken of in high terms.

A serious proposition has been made to Head-Center Stephens to unite with Santa Anna for the purpose of founding an Irish Republic in Mexico. The Canada corollaries are to be solved before the original proposition is demonstrated.

The investigating committee at Memphis find nearly two hundred distinct crimes perpetrated within three days during which the riotous conduct of many of the police and other officers, including robbing, rapes, arson, burglary, highway robbery, maiming, etc.

The Reconstruction Committee report does not recommend the admission of the Tennessee delegation. They say, however, "that the question how far persons possess credentials necessary for duly qualified Representatives is for each to determine for itself."

UNDETERRED by so many previous failures to cross the boisterous Atlantic in a jolly boat, another candidate for foolhardy nautical honors, named John M. Hudson, announces his determination of trying to accomplish the feat with a boat twenty-six feet long, and six feet wide. His craft is a metallic life-boat, full ship-rigged.

One of the noticeable incidents at the decoration of the graves of Confederate soldiers at Hollywood cemetery, Richmond, Va., on the 31st, was that many negroes brought flowers and laid them affectionately upon the graves of their former masters who fell in battle. Few Radical editors will feel called upon, we imagine, to make a note of this fact.

The Selma Daily Messenger of the 12th says the stockholders of the Alabama and Tennessee Rivers Railroad yesterday unanimously elected Gen. Joseph E. Johnston President of the road. There were others who had claims, and strong ones, to the Presidency of the road, but they were generously waived in favor of this distinguished soldier and gentleman.

It is stated that the negro troops stationed at Fort Smith, Ark., are mutinous because they are under orders to march to New Mexico. A considerable number of them are under arrest. At one time there was danger of a fight between the white and black troops. A number of the blacks swore they would rather die than go to New Mexico, and loaded their guns to resist the officers. They were finally quelled, however.

From Washington.—The report of the majority of the Reconstruction Committee was laid before Congress yesterday. It declares that the lately rebellious States can only be restored to their political rights by the consent of Congress; that the Governors appointed by the President had the power to organize civil courts, and that no Constitution has been legally adopted in any of these States except Tennessee. The report further represents that Tennessee is the only one of the States at all qualified for representation in Congress.

Gov. HARRIS AND FAMILY.—Some two months ago the press announced that Capt. Eugene Harris, son of Ex-Gov. Isham G. Harris, had left this State with his mother and family for their new home in Mexico. Through the Memphis Commercial, we are gratified to learn that Capt. Harris was in Memphis on Wednesday, and reports that he had a safe trip to Cordova, and that his father, mother and family are in excellent health and spirits, and bearing their exile with the utmost cheerfulness.—Nash. U. & A.

The American Consul at Liverpool, under date of May 13, writes: "Some two weeks ago I advised you of the shipment, from this port to New York, of some 15,000 bushels of wheat. I now have to inform the Department of State, that the City of Cork, which sails to-morrow, takes as freight 498 casks of French wheat flour, valued at £1,046. I think this is the first instance of the shipment of French flour from this port for the United States, and probably the first time flour has ever been shipped as merchandise from Europe to America."

CLAIMS FOR HORSES.—We are informed that the Board of Surveyors, ordered to convene at Chattanooga recently for the purpose of investigating the circumstances connected with the taking of certain horses and mules from returned Confederates at Strawberry Plains, East Tennessee, in the spring of 1865, adjourned without taking any definite action, as no claimants for the property so seized laid the necessary proof or papers before the Board.

There is good reason for stating that if the members of the 1st and 6th Tennessee regiments, and others who lost animals at the time indicated, will forward to the Quartermaster's Department at this point such proof as is usually required in cases of property illegally taken, compensation will be made therefor.—Nashville Banner.

President Robert's Proclamation. The following is a copy of President Robert's proclamation calling upon Irishmen to rally:

HEADQUARTERS FENIAN BROTHERHOOD, New York, June 4, 1864. To my Countrymen: Brothers, arise.—Irishmen, a glorious career has opened for you! The green flag has waved once more in triumph over England's hated emblem. Onward! is the order, and let Ireland and victory be the watchword. Pay no attention to what may seem defeats. Everything is working gloriously, and if you but discharge your duty to your native land, our final triumph is certain. God and justice is on our side. Have iron wills and brave hearts and Ireland will once more be great, glorious and free.

In love and hope, your countryman, (Signed) WM. R. ROBERTS, President Fenian Brotherhood.

## War Clouds.

"Our late American struggles," says a Southern exchange, "seems to have been but the harbinger of a general war throughout the civilized world. The nations of Europe are marshalling their mighty hosts for a seemingly inevitable conflict. In ill-fated Mexico, the work of slaughter still goes on; and bloody scenes are being enacted in our neighboring province of Canada."

In Europe nearly 2,000,000 of men stand armed ready for the fight. The next mail from across the waters may bring the news that the melee has begun. Prussia has her army mobilized and in fine trim, and amounts to about 620,000 men. Austria has about 800,000 in a high state of discipline. These Kingdoms despoiled gallant little Denmark of its provinces last year, and now it seems that the victors have fallen out over the spoils. Prussia, at this time, is governed by Bismarck, a bold, bad, unscrupulous minister of a very weak King. He is the embodiment of the ambition of Prussia. He wants the area of the Kingdom enlarged. For this purpose war is about to be waged.

Austria, the most absolute government on the face of the globe, is desirous to check the ambitious spirit of her warlike neighbor; Prussia's ascendancy in the councils of the Germanic Confederation, her enlargement of territory and consequently increased influence, asps the very foundation of the power and influence of the imperial House of Hapsburg, in the the German States.

France, governed by the wisest, shrewdest and most selfish men in Europe, remains quiet, awaiting, like McCarber, for something to turn up. A general fight having begun, Napoleon will move the French legions in whichever direction his ambition may dictate.

Russia, as yet, remains quietly contemplating the scene, ready, at a moment's warning to sweep into the fight, and it may be plant her banner upon the banks of the Bosphorus. Then the dream of a Capital for the mighty empire of Peter the Great, upon the shores of the Hellespont will be fully realized.

The British Empire, with its usual caution, will steer clear of these war-like movements and make money out of the troubles of its neighbors.

As diplomacy has failed we may look soon for the news that the conflict has begun and that Europe will again be wrapped in the flames of a wide-spread civil conflagration. Misery and want will curse the happy peasantry of those countries while their rulers will fatten and feast on the miseries of the lower classes. We hope if

war must come, that human liberty will rise from the ashes of the struggle, to bless Europe and the world with her benignant presence, and that the time may speedily come when all men, everywhere, will be in the enjoyment of the blessings of Constitutional liberty.

## Alvin did Not Reply to Concilium.

Mr. McCORD.—Please give me space in the Citizen to speak a word or more concerning "My Sabbath Morn Lesson"—the criticism by Concilium, and the communication of the Artemus Ward style—of June 8th. First, the "Lesson" was not sent out to teach Grammar, no more than the criticism was intended to improve my writing. Nor was any sect, creed or individual—as the gifted critic certainly believes—thought of or spoken to in the "faulty effort." The intention of it was as good as the criticism upon it is severe. Nevertheless, Concilium did find errors in it; yet, is it not human to err? And there are many errors among us far worse than Grammatical. But, for his friendly interchange of thought, &c. While I ardently desire to drink deep with him at the Pierian Spring—be a student for life—yet, I do not choose—if it is fanatical—to participate in the picnic, the dance, &c. Though a "boy" now, I once was a warm advocate of such "amusements." But having "heard the conclusion of the whole matter"—as the wise man also did—I think it our duty, our whole duty to fear God and keep His commandments.

Of the author of "Alvin replies to Concilium" let me ask you your motive. Why did you use "Alvin" to such an article as he ("Alvin") would not—had he the mental powers—pen, pro or con, to any person or persons? He intimates that the "Lesson," "Epistle," &c., were intended to gain "honors," "fame," &c., (I am making too many "sofothrs.") Sir, you are mistaken! He also would have you believe that there are but few readers of the Citizen in this section. Will he not raise a fund to supply it? Also, to give all heathen the word of God; (of the last named, keep a copy himself) and learn to "do unto others as he would they should do unto him,"—also, that "God will bring every work into judgement." I will not say to you as did one, upon a certain occasion, and as the great enemy of souls suggests (all his suggestions are like many of modern critics.)—you have my ineffable contempt. Not so—but let me say to you in the language of One—Whose example I desire ever to imitate, and trust you will, too, hereafter—"Father forgive them."

Now, farewell, most gifted critics. But let me beg you, don't use your intellect ridiculing the humble, but unfortunately "faulty" efforts "to do good, and to communicate." I trust the day is not far distant when, instead of playing the critic you will use your pen as did Baxter and others. June 10, 1866. ALVIN.

## Union Losses by Rebel Privateers.

The loss to American commerce by the rebel "pirates," says the Press and Times, is not generally estimated high enough.—The rebels had, from first to last, twenty destructive vessels afloat, and captured property to the amount of \$25,546,000, of which \$20,088,000 was destroyed. There were taken six steamers, eighty-one ships, eighty-four barks and seventy schooners. The Alabama captured sixty-nine vessels, worth 9,760,000; the Shenandoah thirty-nine, worth \$2,388,000; the Florida thirty-five, worth \$4,054,000. These statistics are compiled by the acting Secretary of the New York Chamber of Commerce. The British Government ought to have an illustrated copy of this record.

## Lost MULE.—See advertisement.

## GENERAL DIRECTORY.

CITY OFFICERS. DR. J. A. SUMTER, Mayor. JNO. EZZELL, Recorder. G. W. PITWAY, JOHN COONS, A. R. RICHARDSON, ALLEN E. MAY, JOHN C. GORDON. Officers of Pulaski Lodge No. 101 F. & A. M. E. EDMUNDSON, W. M.; S. J. ROGERS, Sec.; J. B. CHILDS, J. W. BAYNE, Treas.; J. L. JONES, Secy.; J. A. SUMTER, S. D.; R. R. REED, J. Deacon; F. W. RUDD, Tyler. Meets first Monday night in each month.

County Officers. B. H. PEDEN, Sheriff. R. L. EVANS, ALONZO PEDEN and BENJON E. EVANS, Depts. Shrs. J. W. COOPER, County Clerk. F. T. McLAURINE, Circuit Court Clerk. ED. W. ROSE, County " " DANIEL G. ANDERSON, County Register. THOS. S. RUDOLPH, County Trustee. H. H. AYMETT, State and Co. Tax Col. G. A. HOPKINS, Coroner. JAMES R. DICK, County Surveyor. DANIEL G. ANDERSON, Ch'm. County Court.

Justices of the Peace. Dist. 1 JOHN A. TRENTHAM and L. B. CARTER. " 2 P. FOREST and THOS. J. CAMPBELL. " 3 THOS. HANNAH and J. G. EDMUNDSON. " 4 WILLIAM SMITH and TH. NOBLETT. " 5 WM. P. WOOD and JOHN SANDISKY. " 6 JAS. E. SMITH and THOS. MAULDSBY. " 7 JAS. L. JONES and W. H. ABBEYTHY JNO. KOUNTS and DANIEL G. ANDERSON. " 8 J. M. EDWARDS and J. O. ABERNATHY. " 9 W. H. BAUGH, H. H. HUNNICUTT and WM. P. STEVENSON. " 10 WILLIS WOKLEY and H. GRIGGS. " 11 W. W. BLOW and S. A. PARSONS. " 12 JAS. SAUNDERS and D. H. PARSONS. " 13 JAS. E. DICKEY and W. F. HEWITT. " 14 JAS. M. WAGSTAFF, Jos. M. FARMER and JAS. M. SHIELDS. " 15 W. McMILLIN and DAN. H. JONES. " 16 W. McCORD, JOHN BALSTON and P. T. CHAPIN. " 17 LEVI REED and A. M. BIVENS. " 18 M. PARKER and SAM'L HAYZE. " 19 E. W. McLAURIN and ALY. HOUSE.

Constables. Dist. 1 W. T. SWEET, Dist. 2 G. H. HARRISON. " 3 L. Z. HARRAN, " 4 G. B. HARRISON. " 5 A. D. SANDISKY, " 6 BUCK HARRIS. " 7 W. G. ANDERSON, " 8 BOB H. BUTLER. " 9 —————, " 9 W. HARRIS. " 10 —————, " 10 —————. " 11 J. P. SWEET, " 11 —————. " 12 —————, " 12 —————. " 13 JOHN G. GABRETT, " 13 —————. " 14 —————, " 14 —————. " 15 —————, " 15 —————. " 16 —————, " 16 —————. " 17 —————, " 17 —————. " 18 —————, " 18 —————. " 19 —————, " 19 —————.

## Pulaski Lodge No. 12, I. O. O. F.

For the information of country members, we are requested to announce that this Lodge meets regularly every Friday night. Election of officers the last Friday in June.

GOLD continues to advance. The following are the quotations received in Nashville yesterday. Opened at 143½; advanced to 143½; 144½ at 1:30, and closed at 145½ at 4 P. M.

New counterfeit \$50's and \$100's have made their appearance at Decatur.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### STRAYED OR STOLEN.

ON the 21st of May, from my house, on the Millers road, ten miles north of Lawrenceburg, a black and white cow, a large bay mare Mule, near 16 hands high, eight years old, arches considerably on the weather, shaved on the sides and shoulders with gear; a white spot under the collar and one under the headstall of the bridle. For any information that will lead to her recovery I will pay liberally. June 15, 1866-67. AB. ALEXANDER

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of a venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, a Town Lot in Pulaski, now occupied by Lawrence Johnson, together with the house and all the improvements thereon, bounded north by Dr. W. Burdett, east by the commons, west by 1st main street; in favor of Concilium. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of three venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, a Town Lot in Pulaski, now occupied by Dr. M. Johnson, south by a lot claimed by L. M. Shields, and containing 1½ acres, sold in favor of Allison, Anderson & Co. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of a venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, a Tract of Land belonging to S. D. Bray, bounded north by H. Gibson, east by Mr. Hewitt, containing 20 or 30 acres. Sold to satisfy said writ in favor of Wm. Fry, Adm'r. &c. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of an alias venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, one Town Lot in Pulaski, belonging to J. M. Shields, and on which he formerly lived, bounded on the north by Dr. M. Johnson, south by a lot claimed by L. M. Shields, and containing 1½ acres, sold in favor of Allison, Anderson & Co. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of a venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, one town lot or parcel of ground known as the plan of the town of Pulaski, lot No. 23, containing sixth and shoal street, it being the same lot on which James B. Bunch now resides. Sold to satisfy said Venditioni in favor of Hillman & Bunch. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of three venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, a tract of Land in the 3d civil district of Giles county, containing 18½ acres, bounded on the north by the lands of Williams and McGraw, east by Thos. Smith, south by Wm. Imman and S. Marshall Appleton, west by C. G. Imman; sold as the property of Lewis Keedy in favor of said Wm. G. Imman. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY two venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, two Town Lots in Pulaski, one containing ¼ acre, the other about one acre, on which Robert S. Montgomery lived and occupied until all the houses were burnt by the federal forces, in the north-east part of said town. Sold as the property of the said Montgomery in favor of Wm. G. Imman. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of three venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, a Tract or parcel of Land in the town of Pulaski, together with the improvements thereon, adjoining the lands of Wm. G. Imman, north by a street that by mill lot, east by the Elkhorn and Columbus road, supposed to contain two acres. Sold as the property of Wm. Pinkerton, in favor of J. E. Holden and Joseph B. Childers. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of an alias venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county at the December term, 1860, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, the interest of Joel H. Harris in a tract of Land in the 14th civil district of Giles county, on which and occupied until all the houses were burnt by the federal forces, in the north-east part of said town. Sold as the property of J. W. Johnson, Executor &c. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NOTICE.

BY virtue of two venditioni exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will sell for cash at the court house in Pulaski, on Monday the 16th day of July next, a tract of Land on Robertson's Fork, in 14th civil district of said county, on which and occupied until all the houses were burnt by the federal forces, in the north-east part of said town. Sold as the property of J. W. Johnson, Executor &c. June 15-16. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### NICHOLSONS

IMPROVED THRESHING MACHINE. We have manufactured a large number of these machines within the last eleven years, and for their working qualities, they are superior to any machine introduced in the market. We also manufacture Power with counter shaft for drive in grain. We invite the attention of farmers to an examination of our machine before purchasing elsewhere. WILKINSON & WEBB, Agents, June 8-3m. Pulaski, Tenn.

### Insolvent Notice.

HAVING suggested to the Clerk of the County Court of Giles county the insolvency of the estate of Archibald G. Edmonson, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to file them with the clerk of the County Court at Pulaski, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred. June 8-4. W. T. BROWN, Adm'r. &c.

A. A. WILSON, M. A. GANTER, H. M. JAMES.

## WILSON, CARTER & CO., COTTON FACTORS,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN Groceries & Plantation Supplies, No. 104 MAIN STREET, Corner Washington, [June 1] MEMPHIS, TENN.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

### In Chancery at Lawrenceburg.

Thomas Martin vs. James Metcalf & others. IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the clerk and master that the defendant, James Metcalf is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of this court cannot be served on him: On motion it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the "Citizen," a newspaper published in the town of Pulaski in said State, requiring said defendant to be and appear on the first day of the next Term of the Chancery Court, to be held for the county of Lawrence, at the court house in Lawrenceburg, on the first Monday in September next, and plead to, answer or demur to complainant's bill and amended bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex-parte. June 8-4. T. H. GIBBS, c. & m.

### Sheriff's Sale of Land.

BY virtue of a Venditioni Exponas in my hands issued from the Circuit Court of Giles county in the case of James Adkins vs. A. J. Parton & others, I will offer for sale at the Court House door in the town of Pulaski, on

Saturday 7th day of July next, to the highest bidder for cash, a certain tract of land in the 11th civil district in said county of Giles, on Pigeon roost creek, bounded by the lands of Wm. Samuel & others, and containing 200 acres. Leveled on and sold as the lands of Meret Balick, and is a valuable tract of land. Sale within usual hours. June 1-6. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of 8 writs of Venditioni Exponas issued to me from the Circuit Court of Giles county, I will offer for sale, for cash, at the court house door in the town of Pulaski, on

Saturday the 7th day of July next, a tract of land in the 20th civil district of said county, on the waters of Indian creek, adjoining the land of Emily C. Hays on the north, East by A. M. Story, West by Miller Bass, J. L. Barnes and Mary McCracken, containing by estimate Eighty acres, sold on as the property of Peter Mary to satisfy one venditioni in favor of Thos. Harris, one in favor of Stacy, Roy & Co. for the use of Thos. Martin, three in favor of Mason & Esch, one in favor of Wm. G. Imman, one in favor of W. M. Mason and one in favor of Wells & McLaughlin, all in my hands. June 1-6. B. H. PEDEN, Sh'f.

### Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two writs of Venditioni Exponas to me issued from the Circuit Court of Giles county, in favor of Ezell & Brother, I will offer for sale, for cash, at the court house door in the town of Pulaski, on

Saturday, the 7th day of July next, the following tract of land lying and being in civil district No. 5, in Giles county, on the waters of Weekly's creek, bounded on the South by the lands of John Tarpley and on the East by a street, containing 220 acres, on which S. E. Buchanan now resides, levied upon as the property of Sarah E. Buchanan, to satisfy said Venditioni Exponas. June 1-6. B. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

### Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two writs of Venditioni Exponas to me issued from the Circuit Court of Giles county, one in favor of P. H. Ezell, the other in favor of B. M. Davis, to the use of Wm. M. Smith, I will offer for sale, for cash, at the court house door in the town of Pulaski, on

Saturday the 7th day of July next, the following tract of land lying and being in civil district No. 1